

## Research on Anti-Corruption Campaign in Central Soviet Region

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**Abstract:** The results and methods of anti-corruption campaign directly affect the construction of our country and our party's leading group. This paper takes the characteristics, direction and results of the anti-corruption campaign in the central Soviet region as the object of discussion, discusses the specific strategies of anti-corruption work in the Soviet region, and draws experience from the corresponding anti-corruption activities.

### 1. Concrete Strategies Anti-Corruption Campaigns in the Soviet Region

According to the current research, the anti-corruption campaign launched at that time was closely related to factors such as living environment and development challenges — In the early days of the Soviet Union, there was a shortage of materials in the remote mountainous areas of Gannan and western Fujian.

#### 1.1. Improve Laws and Regulations and Punish Corruption Seriously

The Communist Party of China is a big and leafy tree, only big trees flourish, like grass people can be sheltered. However, with the continuous development of the achievements of national economic construction, as shown in figure 1, more and more "borers" have crept into the tree in an attempt to satisfy their own selfish desires. In order to ensure the normal production and life of the people, maintain the harmony and stability of the general environment within our party, the state leadership has taken extremely severe punishment measures against corruption and formulated strict laws and regulations.



Figure 1 Anti-corruption campaign

In December 1933, the Interim Central Government of the Soviet Republic of China issued Order No .26 on Combating Corruption and Waste, issued by Chairman Mao[1]Corruption is defined as an offence, and the sentencing standards for corruption and waste activities are strictly regulated. Provisions with rigid binding force of laws and regulations have aroused great repercussions once issued, and corrupt elements have been severely deterred and punished. Under the direct leadership of the high-level state, the Central Soviet region was able to participate in the great process of consolidating and building the Soviet revolutionary cause by using the practical actions of honesty and integrity. In the context of the new anti-corruption campaign, the Soviet area has introduced a diversified system of clean government, which includes three aspects: inner-party supervision system, government supervision system and unified accounting system. It has set up

special supervision organizations such as inner-party supervisory committees. In addition, the important Soviet region took the lead in putting forward a mass reporting system, which encouraged the masses to expose and report corruption, and called on party members and cadres to strictly punish corruption cases. The anti-corruption work in the Soviet region has achieved great results through the establishment of complaint boxes and the opening of "anti-corruption and waste" columns in newspapers and periodicals.

## **1.2. Leading the Team to Save Money and Actively Play a Leading Role In Integrity**

In the anti-corruption campaign launched by the Central Soviet region, the national leaders played a crucial leading role, providing hard support for the follow-up work on anti-corruption, and creating an example for the self-government construction of the relevant party members. In order to fulfill the great mission of liberating the whole of China and to support the front-line combatants to the best of their ability, Comrade Mao Zedong took the lead in saving clothes and food, thus fostering a culture of thrift, providing a large amount of supplies for the front-line fighting and alleviating the urgent needs of the PLA soldiers. Through saving strategies such as "saving two or two meters a day" and "saving clothes for new soldiers to wear ", the combat potential of front-line combatants is fully stimulated, and the rear saving movement provides economic support for related campaigns. During the construction period of Central Soviet area, it directly provides practical support for breaking the economic blockade of the enemy.

## **2. Effectiveness of Anti-Corruption Campaigns**

### **2.1. A Solid Mass Base Has Been Established**

As shown in figure 2, the anti-corruption campaign launched by the Soviet region directly consolidated the Soviet regime from the point of view of the construction of party relations, and laid the mass foundation for the subsequent development of the Communist Party of China. With the joint efforts of all the party members and cadres in the Soviet region, the anti-corruption campaign launched by the Soviet region has achieved great results. In the face of people's doubts about China's factory list, the leadership of the Soviet region handed over a surprising answer sheet with the work of fighting corruption and promoting clean government. In the later period of the people's liberation war, the Soviet area was able to carry out corresponding mass activities in time through the users of the broad masses of the people, expand the base areas, launch the land revolution war, and provide political support for the liberation of the whole people[2].



Figure 2 Anti-corruption campaign

### **2.2. Under the Comprehensive Construction Environment of "the People's Heart Wants ", the Anti-Corruption Work in the Soviet Area has Achieved More Obvious Effect**

The anti-corruption work in the Soviet area has cultivated the spirit of the Soviet area, changed the people's traditional view of official corruption, and created a pragmatic, honest and selfless

spirit for the party members and cadres in the Soviet area. Relying on the psychological impact of anti-corruption work, the people of the Soviet area began to actively cooperate with our party's anti-corruption work, which provided valuable experience for the subsequent development of party building. When the party carried out anti-corruption work in the Soviet area, the inner-party supervision system cooperated with the mass forces to produce the results, and when it achieved practical results, it maintained the Soviet regime to a great extent, and repaired and perfected the relevant anti-corruption system. In the current stage of anti-corruption work, the system carried out by our party is comprehensive anti-corruption, system anti-corruption, and requires relevant party members and cadres to actively learn from the successful experience of the anti-corruption system in Su District to improve the timeliness of anti-corruption work. Compared with empty talkism, the anti-corruption experience accumulated in the Soviet area can comprehensively stimulate the sense of responsibility and mission of active party members and cadres, and maintain the advanced nature and purity of the Party.

As shown in figure 3, there are no rules and no rules. To build a democratic party that can lead the development of the country and be the master of the people, we must establish strict political discipline and strengthen the work of building inner-party style of work. The Communist Party of China is the largest party in the world with more than 90 million members[3]And the number of Party members is still rising. To unite within the Party and unite the Party members to stimulate the Party's ability, we must establish a strict discipline system. Since the central Soviet area relied on anti-corruption work, all Party members have recognized the serious consequences of "corruption must be punished, corruption must be punished" and rely on a fine style of work to build a firewall against negative corruption.



Figure 3 Anti-corruption campaign

Studying the successful experience of fighting corruption and advocating clean government formulated by the Party during the construction period of the Soviet area in depth can scientifically show the actual effect of the current work of fighting corruption and advocating clean government, show the sense of responsibility and mission of party members and cadres, and maintain the cohesion and advanced nature of the Communist Party of China. In the period of the Central Soviet region, in order to ensure the smooth development of anti-corruption work, the Communist Party of China has issued a number of decrees and regulations to promote the smooth development of anti-corruption work. Under the new anti-corruption thought, according to the complexity of the current struggle situation, the relevant party members and cadres actively absorb advanced experience in the anti-corruption activities in the Soviet area, put forward the anti-corruption and governance concept which integrates both symptoms and symptoms, and integrates the anti-corruption construction work into economic construction, political construction, cultural hypothesis and social construction, so as to improve the legislative system of clean government and continuously improve the legal level of clean government construction.

To strengthen the education of anti-corruption and clean government, we should not only treat

both the root and root causes of the anti-corruption struggle, but also strengthen the party spirit training of party members and cadres in time, enhance the moral realm and personality integrity of party members and cadres, comb their lofty ideals and beliefs, guide them to build high anti-corrosion barriers, and stick to the political character of the Communists. Under the leadership of the anti-corruption work in the Soviet area, the party spirit construction work of party members and cadres has reached a new peak. Comrade Xi Jinping pointed out that the anti-corruption work in the new era is a complex systematic project, which needs a multi-pronged and comprehensive strategy.

Anti-corruption work carried out in the Soviet area provides a political foundation for the party spirit building of party members and cadres — In the anti-corruption work, the relevant personnel, starting from the source of party spirit construction, actively strengthen the ideological and moral education and the education of ideals and beliefs of party members and leading cadres. In contrast to the traditional anti-corruption work, the anti-corruption work carried out in the Soviet area has "put all its efforts into cages ", the people's supervision has made every effort to operate in the sun, relying on sound systems to eliminate the soil that breeds corruption, and building institutional mechanisms for party members and cadres that dare not corrupt, can not corrupt, and do not want to corrupt, and relying on institutional construction to win the fight against corruption.

### **3. Conclusion**

Under the new era, the anti-corruption movement is facing the double test of the times and the party spirit construction. To actively promote the long-term development of anti-corruption work in the new era, we must introduce advanced party spirit management system, exert political, theoretical and people's supervision forces, and create a clean and clean working atmosphere for party members and cadres.

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